

Rural District of Aysgarth.



ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND THE

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

FOR THE YEAR

1959.

Aysgarth Rural District Council

Members of the Council

Chairman - Councillor J. Sunter

Vice-Chairman - Councillor Mrs. A. M. Mason

Abbotside High	R. Balderston, Esq. J. Sunter, Esq., (Chairman)
Abbotside Low	J. R. Hopper, Esq.
Askrigg	J. Trotter, Esq. R. H. Widdows, Esq.
Aysgarth	W. Sayer, Esq.
Bainbridge	R. F. Kettlewell, Esq. W. Lambert, Esq. R. Mason, Esq.
Bishopdale & Newbiggin	J. Chapman, Esq.
West Burton	J. Hammond, Esq. Mrs. J. A. A. Johnson
Carperby-cum- Thoresby	R. W. Foster, Esq.
Hawes	G. H. Ashton, Esq. G. Dinsdale, Esq. C. W. Layberry, Esq. Mrs. A. M. Mason, (Vice-Chairman) J. W. Metcalfe, Esq.
Thoralby	G. C. S. Bryant, Esq.
Thornton Rust	T. Metcalfe, Esq.

Officers

Clerk of the Council	John J. Willan
Medical Officer of Health	John L. Cotton, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. Area Health Office, Wensleydale County Modern School, Leyburn. Tel. No: Leyburn 2125
Public Health Inspector and Surveyor	Kenneth J. Jolley, D.P.A., M.A.P.H.I.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH FOR THE
YEAR 1959

To the Chairman and Members of the Aysgarth Rural District Council.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in submitting my Annual Report on the health of the District for the year 1959.

The vital statistics for the area do not differ greatly from those for England and Wales and do not call for any special comment.

Infectious diseases once again showed a decline and no new cases of tuberculosis occurred during the year.

Problems connected with environmental hygiene remain the Councils' major concern. Once again it is not possible to report much progress in this work. The proposed water supply scheme to serve the upper dale is still held up for various reasons and it is very likely that the Dales Water Board will have been formed before the Scheme can be started. Five years have now passed since it was decided to proceed with this vital scheme.

The position regarding sewage disposal remains virtually unaltered although at the time of writing, the Council's Consultant Engineer is preparing a scheme for Askrigg. The other villages should then be provided with schemes in turn until all have been dealt with.

It will be interesting to see the Census figures for 1961. At the present rate of decline in population, a possible forecast is that between 1951 and 1961 the population will have fallen by 10%. This depopulation together with the very low rateable value of the area makes the expenditure on large capital schemes if not impossible, certainly prohibitive.

Finally I should like to express my appreciation to the Members and Officials of the Council for their help and cooperation during the year.

I am,

Your obedient Servant

John L. Cotton

(John L. Cotton)
Medical Officer of Health

SECTION A

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA

(a) General Statistics

Area (in acres)	81,032
Population (Registrar General's Estimate of Resident Population Mid 1959)	3,320
Net decrease of Resident population (mid 1958 - mid 1959)	30
Population (1931 census)	4,257
Population (1951 census)	3,607
Number of inhabited houses (1951)	1,209
Number of inhabited houses (1959)	1,245
Rateable Value of District (April 1960)	£ 23,766
Product of a penny rate	£ 92-14-4

(b) Vital Statistics

	Aysgarth R.D.	England & Wales
Live Births		
Number	51	
Rate per 1000 population.	15.3	16.5
Illegitimate Live Births per cent of total live births.	1.96	
Stillbirths		
Number	1	
Rate per 1000 total live and still births ...	19.2	21.0
Total live and still births	52	
Infant Deaths (deaths under 1 year).. ...	2	
Infant Mortality Rates		
Total infant deaths per 1000 total live births	39.2	22.2
Legitimate " " " " legitimate live births	40.0	
Illegitimate" " " " illegitimate live births	-	
Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1000 total live births)	19.6	15.8
Early Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 week per 1000 total live births)... ..	-	
Perinatal Mortality Rate (stillbirths and deaths under 1 week combined per 1000 total live and still births)	19.2	34.2
Maternal Mortality (including abortion)		
Number of deaths	-	
Rate per 1000 total live and still births ...	-	

CLASSIFIED CAUSES OF DEATH

<u>Cause of Death</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Tuberculosis	0	0	0
Other Infectious and parasitic diseases	0	0	0
Malignant diseases	6	4	10
Cardia Vascular	18	18	36
Pneumonia	1	0	1
Other respiratory diseases	2	1	3
Digestive diseases	0	0	0
Congenital Malformations	1	0	1
Other diseases	5	1	6
Vehicle Accidents	0	0	0
Other Accidents	0	0	0
Suicide	0	0	0
	—	—	—
Total deaths (all causes)	33	24	57
	—	—	—

Crude death rate per 1000 population - 17.0

Death rate for England and Wales - 11.6

In order to compare these two figures, a comparability factor has to be applied to the crude death rate. This figure is supplied by the Registrar General and makes it possible to adjust for irregularities as regards age and sex in the local population. The comparability factor for the death rate in the Aysgarth R.D. is 0.80 - the adjusted death rate is therefore $17.0 \times 0.80 = 13.6$.


A similar comparability factor is supplied for adjusting the birth rate so as to make it comparable with other areas. For 1959 the comparability factor was 1.13 - the adjusted birth rate becomes $15.3 \times 1.13 = 17.3$.

POPULATION TREND

	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953
Estimated mid-year population	3320	3350	3390	3410	3430	3450	3474
Birth-rate	15.3	13.7	11.8	15.8	13.4	12.2	22.5
Death-rate	17.0	12.8	16.8	17.6	16.3	19.1	15.0

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

It was not necessary to take action under Section 47 of the above Act which gives the Council power to remove to suitable premises, persons who are not able to devote to themselves and are not receiving from other persons, adequate care and attention.



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SECTION B

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

The details of staff are given at the beginning of the report.

LABORATORY FACILITIES

Laboratory facilities are provided at the Public Health Laboratory, Friarage Hospital, Northallerton.

AMBULANCE FACILITIES

The North Riding of Yorkshire County Council supply ambulance services from their station at Bainbridge.

HOSPITAL SERVICES

Local Hospital accommodation is provided in Northallerton by the Northallerton Hospital Management Committee of the Newcastle Regional Hospital Board. In addition, a number of residents receive both in-patient and out-patient treatment at Lancaster and Bradford hospitals.

NURSING IN THE HOMES

The Home Nursing and Domiciliary Mid-wifery service is under the general direction of the County Council, with the day-to-day administration being dealt with by the Wensleydale Area Local Health Sub-Committee. Three district nurse/midwives operate in the area.

DOMESTIC HELP SERVICE

This is provided by the North Riding of Yorkshire County Council, the day-to-day administration being dealt with by the Area Health Sub-Committee through the Area Medical Officer.

SECTION C

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES

WATER SUPPLIES

Details are to be found in the Public Health Inspector's Section.

SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL

Details are to be found in the Public Health Inspector's Section.

REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL

Details are to be found in the Public Health Inspector's Section.

SECTION D

HOUSING

I should like the Council to consider building a number of bungalows for old people. There is a need for this type of accommodation and the demand is certain to increase as more people live to reach old age than ever before. In support of this suggestion, some old people are living in unfit houses and they should be given the opportunity of moving to good housing conditions with modern amenities.

Further details regarding housing are to be found in the Public Health Inspector's section.

SECTION E

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

Details of this work and of meat inspection are to be found in the Public Health Inspector's section.

SECTION F

PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Infectious Diseases notified

Whooping cough
Measles
Pneumonia
Scarlet Fever

Males	Females	Total
1	2	3
7	8	15
3	0	3
1	0	1

Diphtheria Immunisation

Although it is pleasing to see that a considerable number of children have received a booster dose against diphtheria before starting school, it is distressing to find that a number of parents will not allow their children to be immunised at this age. Most of these children were never protected against diphtheria in infancy. Several outbreaks of diphtheria have recently been reported from different parts of the country. Parents should remember that although poliomyelitis has stolen the limelight in recent years, diphtheria can recur at any time with all the dangers and complications that were commonplace twenty years ago.

Small-pox Vaccination

20% of the children born during the year were notified as having been vaccinated against small-pox (70% in 1958).

Poliomyelitis Vaccination

A large proportion of your Medical Officer's time during the year was spent on poliomyelitis vaccination. By the end of the year 6853 children aged under 15 years in the Wensleydale Local Health Area (of which the Aysgarth Rural District is part) had been vaccinated with two injections. This figure represents some 76% of all the children under 15 years of age compared with 66% in 1958.

In addition some 1991 older persons had also received two injections and 6455 children and adults had received a third injection.

TUBERCULOSIS

Age Group	New Cases				Deaths			
	Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non-Pulmonary	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
Under 1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1 - 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 - 14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15 - 24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 - 34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35 - 44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45 - 54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
55 - 64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
65 - +	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

There were 15 cases of pulmonary tuberculosis and 3 cases of non-pulmonary tuberculosis on the Register at the 31st December, 1959. This gives a rate of 5.30 cases of tuberculosis per 1000 population as compared with 4.78 in 1958.

PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR'S SECTION

INSPECTIONS CARRIED OUT BY THE PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

A total of 1099 inspections and visits were made during the year, this is rather less than previous years, the difference being accounted for by the fact that much time was taken up by attending to the water supplies during the period of drought.

	Inspections	Informal Notices	Complied with	Statutory Notices	Complied with
Council Works	198	-	-	-	-
Housing	62	14	13	3	2
Public Health Acts	120	14	-	3	3
Building Byelaws	92	-	-	-	-
Improvement Grants	103	-	-	-	-
Slaughter Houses (for the purpose of meat inspection)	178	-	-	-	-
Water Supply	267	-	-	-	-
Food Premises	30	2	3	-	-
Petroleum Regulations	25	-	-	-	-
Rodent Control	22	2	2	-	-
Factories Act	2	-	-	-	-

WATER SUPPLY

The following is a table showing rainfall and sunshine as measured at Hawes.

Month	Rainfall in inches		Sunshine in hours		Increase +) Decrease -) for 1959	
	1958	1959	1958	1959	Rainfall	Sunshine
Jan.	5.36	5.42	42.0	67.0	+ 0.06	+ 25.0
Feb.	7.91	1.17	58.6	29.6	- 6.74	- 29.0
Mar.	1.54	3.81	114.0	76.5	+ 2.27	- 37.5
Apr.	1.45	5.01	139.5	131.6	+ 3.56	- 7.9
May.	5.55	0.99	162.8	236.1	- 4.56	+ 73.3
June	3.72	3.43	113.8	191.3	- 0.29	+ 77.5
July	4.31	3.25	162.0	209.1	- 1.06	+ 47.1
Aug.	4.67	0.86	121.9	179.9	- 3.81	+ 58.0
Sep.	5.42	0.79	102.4	165.3	- 4.63	+ 62.9
Oct.	5.62	6.10	100.7	122.1	+ 0.48	+ 21.4
Nov.	1.11	8.37	61.8	33.3	+ 7.26	- 28.5
Dec.	4.84	11.39	24.5	21.0	+ 6.55	- 3.5
Total:	51.50	50.59	1204.0	1462.8	- 0.91	+258.8

A drought was experienced in the late summer although the total rainfall was within an inch of last year and about the average. In the months of May to October there were 340 hours more sunshine than the previous year.

Towards the end of July the yield from the springs feeding Hawes and Gayle and in August the springs feeding the Addleborough system, fell short of the demand and it was necessary to turn off at nights

to maintain supply. After a while it was found that by putting Dale Grange and Worton onto the Askrigg supply for two days out of three there was no need to turn the Addleborough system off at nights. This arrangement meant that Low Green - one house and one farm - were without water two days in three. The hamlet of Woodhall, comprising five farms and seven houses were virtually without water in pipes from July to the beginning of October. Both Carperby and West Burton supplies showed signs of the demand exceeding the supply but after appeals to the villagers, both supplies proved sufficient throughout the drought.

Bacteriological Examination of Water Supplies

26 samples of water were examined by the Public Health Laboratory Service, the results are as follows :-

	Satisfactory	Unsatisfactory
West Burton	-	1
Hawes	1	5
Hardraw	1	2
Carperby	-	1
Newbiggin & Thoraby	-	-
Addleborough Regional Supply	2	4
Askrigg	2	-
Woodhall	-	-
Burtersett	1	-
Private Supplies	2	3
Nappa Scar	-	-
Appersett	-	1
	<u>9</u>	<u>17</u>

Total Number of houses in the area	1245
Total Number of houses supplied from Council Mains	1032
Percentage of houses supplied from Council Mains	82%

Most of the samples of water submitted for examination were classified as unsatisfactory by reason of the presence of faecal organisms.

Fossdale Scheme

In January, the Public Health Inspector and Mr. Fairbank, the Councils' Consultant Engineer met Mr. Vail the Ministry Inspector who was responsible for the Water Survey of the East and North Ridings, the object of the meeting being to agree the amendment of the Fossdale Scheme in order that it could eventually form part of the larger scheme for the whole dale as envisaged in the Vail Report. Whilst we were fairly met on all points of variance it was nevertheless necessary to agree to a greater abstraction of water from the springs and a much larger reservoir at a lower altitude. This meant that the pipe sizing of the scheme had to be re-examined and a fresh site found for the larger reservoir. By the end of May the scheme had been redesigned to allow for the greater rate of flow and a reservoir site had been found, surveyed and negotiations were well on the way for its purchase, however in June the Council decided on another site for the reservoir, considering it to be better than the first. This site had to be surveyed and fresh planning consent sought. The District Valuer agreed a price for the purchase of the site by the middle of November. During this time negotiations had been continuing for the purchase of the remaining spring on Fossdale Moss without success and the Council were advised by the Ministry that if agreement could not be reached it would be necessary for the Council to acquire the necessary rights by an Order made in accordance with the Act of 1945. This the Council decided to do, in the course of preparing the Order it was found necessary to seek the advice of the Ministry on

certain aspects and at the time of writing this report, March 1960, the Council had been waiting six months for a reply.

During the drought the Council received a petition from the farmers in Abbotside Low, asking them to make provision for a supply of piped water to this area as they had been badly affected by the drought. A Sub-Committee met these farmers and the Council later decided to extend the Fossdale scheme on Abbotside from Sedbusk to Brecon Bar, partly to meet the needs of these farmers and also to link the Fossdale and Addleborough Sub Regional Scheme. The Councils' Consultant was informed accordingly.

Marsett Village Supply

The 1" pipe from the storage tank to the village, some 600 yards, was replaced with a 1½" pipe and the supply to the village improved considerably.

MEAT AND OTHER FOODS

Meat Inspection

Four of the seven Butchers in the Rural District buy most of their meat 'off the hook' from outside the district, two of these four kill only sheep and an occasional pig whilst the remaining three kill almost all that they sell in their own slaughterhouses. Notification of slaughter has been observed as before and 100% inspection achieved.

The total number of animals inspected was 336 and it was necessary to make 178 visits for this purpose.

Unfit meat is still disposed of by burial on the Councils Refuse Tips, as collection can only be arranged for whole carcasses. Whilst this method of disposal leaves much to be desired, at the moment no alternative can be offered.

The following table gives details of the food animals killed and the amount found to be unfit.

	Bull- ocks	Heif- ers	Total cattle (exclu- ding Cows)	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	50	59	109	14	Nil	160	53
Number inspected	50	59	109	14	Nil	160	53
<u>ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBERCULOSIS AND CISTICERCI</u>							
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percentage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was con- demned	4	9	13	1	-	10	-
Percentage	8.0	15.2	11.9	7.2	-	6.25	-
Total Percentage	8.0	15.2	11.9	7.2	-	6.25	-
<u>TUBERCULOSIS only</u>							
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Percentage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was con- demned	1	-	1	-	-	-	1
Percentage	2.0	-	0.92	-	-	-	1.9
Total Percentage	2.0	-	0.92	-	-	-	1.9
<u>CYSTERCERCOSIS</u>							
Whole carcasses condemned	-	1	-	-	-	-	-

Other Foods

A total weight of other foods, including tinned foods, amounting to 43 lbs. has been found upon inspection to be unfit for consumption.

Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955

There are 75 premises in the district which come within the scope of the above regulations, they are as follows :-

Cafes	7
Public Houses	18
Confectioners	5
Grocers	22
Butchers	8
School Canteens	7
Fish and Chip Shops	1
Fishmongers	2
Cheese Factory	1
Hotels	3

It will be seen from the table of inspections that 30 visits were made to this type of premises, most of the premises have been made to comply with the structural requirements of the regulations.

SEWERAGE

Table showing number of houses connected to Public Sewers

Parish	No. of Houses	Population Served
Abbotside High	51	141
Abbotside Low	-	-
Askrigg	111	291
Aysgarth	55	151
Bainbridge	96	265
Bishopdale	-	-
Burton-cum-Walden	-	-
Carperby-cum-Thoresby	59	163
Hawes	364	1000
Newbiggin & Thoralby	-	-
Thornton Rust	-	-
	736	2011

With a total population of approximately 3320 the percentage for which sewerage is provided is 61%.

BURTERSETT

During the year the sewage disposal works at Burtersett were completed and the use of the old tank and filter discontinued.

Whilst no progress has been made during the year on the badly needed sewerage and sewage disposal schemes for Askrigg, West Burton and Thoralby, at the time of writing the report instructions had been given to the Councils' Consulting Engineer to prepare a scheme for Askrigg.

A Sub-Committee of the Council inspected the sewers in Hawes and Gayle and as a result of their report to the Council instructions were given to the Councils Consulting Engineer to investigate this system and the disposal works with a view to either excluding the infiltration water or altering the works to improve the effluent.

HOUSING

The Housing Rent & Repairs Act 1954, Section 1 (Housing Proposals)

The following action was taken during the year to implement the Council's Housing Proposals made under the above Act in 1955.

Part 3 (Action in the first five years)

The Council undertook to deal with 48 unfit houses in the first five years. This number was made up of 7 houses already in a declared Clearance Area and 26 houses occurring in groups of 2 or more and therefore likely to be dealt with as Clearance Areas. The remaining 15 were individual unfit houses.

At the beginning of the year there remained 18 houses likely to be included in clearance areas. Two houses in Burtersett and one house in Gayle have been made fit by the new owners and 2 made into garages. This left 13 houses likely to be included in Clearance Areas and at the end of the year work had been started on the demolition of the houses in the Aysgarth Clearance Area.

The Council had undertaken to deal with 15 individual unfit houses. At the beginning of the year 16 had been dealt with either formally or otherwise. This year a further 8 unfit houses in this category have been dealt with as follows, 4 made fit by the owners, 2 converted to other use, 1 closed and 1 demolished.

None of the above houses which were made fit received grant assistance - the owners not having made application.

Housing (Financial Provisions) Act, 1958 and House Purchase & Housing Act 1959.

Discretionary Grants

The Council offered 8 grants during the year totaling £ 1,880, 7 grants in respect of improvements and 1 in respect of the division of a house into two.

Standard Grants

The Council offered 11 grants to a possible maximum of £ 1,030.

New Council Houses

During the year the Council had no new housing works in progress.

Housing Survey

The following table shows the progress of the Rural Housing Survey.

Parish	Not Inspected	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 5
Abbotside High	12	2	24	35	11
Abbotside Low	4	7	10	12	5
Askrigg	7	12	62	66	11
Aysgarth	5	17	23	24	6
Bainbridge	6	23	54	60	14
Bishopdale	9	-	2	1	-
Burton-cum-Walden	27	12	36	39	2
Carperby-cum-Thoresby	2	18	17	33	3
Hawes	14	116	139	121	36
Newbiggin	2	2	9	9	2
Thoraby	7	9	16	19	3
Thornton Rust	-	8	19	7	-
TOTALS:	95	226	411	426	93
Totals for 1958	96	216	398	435	106

OVERCROWDING

(a) Total number of houses overcrowded at the beginning of the year	2
(b) Number of families dwelling therein	2
(c) Number of new cases of overcrowding	Nil
(d) Number of cases relieved.. .. .	Nil
(e) Number of persons concerned in such cases.	Nil

The above table is based upon a survey carried out many years ago, which has been brought up to date year by year from information available which may not have been complete.

HOUSING AND NEW BUILDINGS

Houses built by Private Enterprise

The table below gives details of houses under construction and those completed since 1945 in the various parishes.

Parish	Completed	Under Construction
Hawes	2	-
Askrigg	5	-
Thornton Rust	1	-
Aysgarth	4	-
Low Abbotside	2	-
TOTAL:	14	-

HOUSES BUILT BY AYSGARTH R.D.C.

Parish	To 31/13/59	Under Construction
Hawes	44	-
Bainbridge	8	-
Askrigg	4	-
Carperby	6	-
Aysgarth	4	-
West Burton	2	-
TOTAL:	68	Nil

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1936, BUILDING BYELAWS

45 plans were considered during the year. Details are shown in the following table.

Parish	New Houses	Alter-ations to dwell-ings	Alter-ations to food Premises	Garages & Sheds	Cow-Sheds & Dair-ies	Alter-ations to buil-dings other than dw-ellings	Pub. Con-ven-iences.	Total
Hawes	-	10	1	3	5	1	-	20
Bainbridge	-	-	-	5	2	-	1	8
Askrigg	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	3
Carperby	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	3
Aysgarth	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	2
Thornton Rust	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2
High Abbotside	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
Low	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
West Burton	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	4
Thoralby	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
TOTALS:	-	19	2	10	9	4	1	45

RODENT CONTROL

22 visits were made during the year to Council and other properties.

The Council's sewers were baited and poisoned twice during the year. The sewage works and tips were dealt with as infestations occurred. The Council continue to supply rat poison, free of charge, to householders for use on domestic premises.

FACTORIES ACT, 1937

Part I of the Act

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors)

Premises (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written notices (4)	Occupiers prosecuted (5)
(1) Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.....	1	1	-	-
(2) Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.....	18	6	1	-
(3) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers' premises).....	-	-	-	-
Total.....	19	7	1	-

2. Cases in which DEFECTS were found.

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1).....	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S.2)...	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable temperature (S.3)...	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation (S.4)...	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6)....	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) Insufficient....	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective.....	-	-	-	1	-
(c) Not separate for sexes.....	-	-	-	-	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Out-work).....	-	-	-	-	-
Total.....	-	-	-	1	-

There are no outworkers in the Rural District.

